OHS Code Changes – In Force March 31, 2023

Modernizing OHS Regulation

Jobs, Economy and Northern Development, Government of Alberta March 2023



Land Acknowledgement



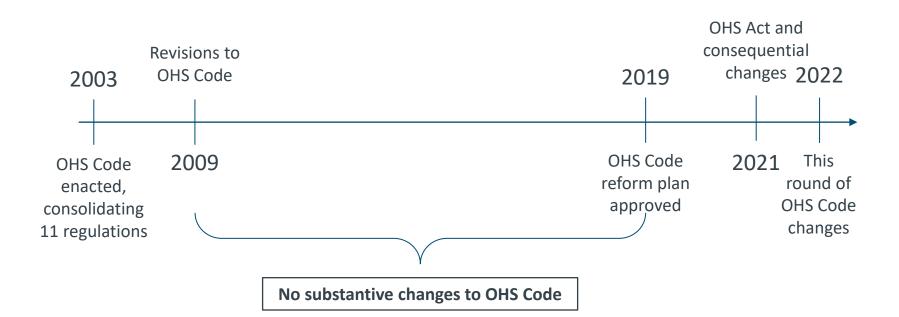
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Agenda

- Background
- Types of changes
- Overview of changes
- Support materials
- Implementation
- Moving forward and next round of changes



Background



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Types of Changes

Five categories of changes



Types of Changes

Administrative changes

• Remove duplication, clarify requirements, correct errors, and streamline provisions to focus on health and safety outcomes.

Update technical standards

• Update references to the latest editions, align with other Canadian jurisdictions, and replace prescriptive requirements with a standard reference.

Clarify work site party responsibilities

• Clarify work site party responsibilities to ensure the appropriate work site party is accountable for health and safety.

Acceptances

• Include requirements in the OHS Code for some work practices permitted with an acceptance.

Modernization

• New requirements to improve health and safety and keep pace with advances in technology and work practices.

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Administrative Changes

Removing duplication within the OHS Code and consolidating similar requirements.

Removing administrative requirements which do not add value.

Correcting legal language.

Focusing on outcomes, where it makes sense.



Updates to Technical Standards

Updating current standard references.

Replacing prescriptive requirements with a standard reference.

Harmonizing with other jurisdictions.



Clarify Work Site Party Responsibilities

Updating work site party responsibilities to support a strong internal responsibility system.

These are not shifts but reflect roles and responsibilities in the OHS Act.



Acceptances

Removing the need for acceptances by incorporating the requirement into the OHS Code.

Significant effort on both the stakeholder and the department to issue an acceptance.

In some cases, acceptances have granted for almost a decade.



Modernization

OHS requirements need to keep pace with hazards and modern practices as work processes and equipment advance.

This category includes adopting new standards, new provisions or applying requirements to industries or segments of an industry that they did not previously apply to.



Highlight of Changes

Eight topics of changes



OHS Code Changes

- Part 11 First Aid
- Part 15 Managing Control of Hazardous Energy
- Part 16 Noise
- Part 17/40 Overhead Power Lines/ Electrical Utility Workers
- Miscellaneous changes

Applicable to specific industries and activities

- Part 33 Explosives
- Part 36 Mining
- Part 37 Oil and Gas Wells

Applicable to all industries



- Part 11 First Aid
- Harmonize training and first aid kit requirements.
 - CSA Standard Z1210-17, First aid training for the workplace Curriculum and quality management for training agencies.
 - CSA Standard Z1220-17, First aid kits for the workplace.
- Remove the need for medical professionals to take first aid training by recognizing the medical training they take exceeds first aid training requirements. This removes the need for acceptances.
- Revise wording to improve clarity and remove duplication.

- Part 11 First Aid
- Part 15 Managing Control of Hazardous Energy



- Clarify work site party responsibilities to align with the OHS Act.
- Requirement for complex group control procedures to be certified by a Professional Engineer to remove the need for acceptances.
- Clarify worker placement when "pigging" is done.
- New definitions.
- Revise wording to improve clarity and remove duplication.

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- Part 11 First Aid
- Part 15 Managing Energy
- Part 16 Noise
- Part 17/40 Overhea Electrical Utility Work
- Miscellaneous change

- Updates to technical standards.
- Reduction in the action limit to 82 dBA for conducting noise exposure assessments.
- New requirement to ensure hearing protective devices are properly fitted.
- Clarification on the competency for the person conducting a noise assessment.
- Streamlined audiometric testing requirements.



- Part 11 First Aid
- Part 15 Managing Control of Hazardous Energy
- Part 16 Noise
- Part 17/40 Overhead Power Lines/ Electrical Utility Workers
- Miscellaneous changes
- Part 33 –
- Part 36 –
- Part 37 –

- Update to technical standard for electrical safety.
- Revise wording to improve clarity and remove duplication.
- Updates to Part 40 to align with changes to Part 17.



- Part 11 First Aid
- Part 15 Managing Contro Energy
- Part 16 Noise
- Part 17/40 Overhead Pow Electrical Utility Workers
- Miscellaneous changes

Changes to: Parts 1, 3, 5, 6, 9, 18, 23, 25, 32, 39, 41

- New and amended definitions.
- New option for remote confined space monitoring.
- Change of "daily" inspection to "reasonably practicable intervals".
- Updates to technical standards for personal protective equipment.
- Add "PPE" and "any other thing that may cause a hazard to workers."
- Changes "open pit mine" to "pit mine"

- Revise wording to remove duplication and improve clarity.
- Updates to technical standards.
- Clarify work site party responsibilities to align with the OHS Act.
- Consolidated requirements for mining and non-mining blaster certificates.
- Consolidated mining requirements for explosives use.
- New requirements to reflect best practices.
- New definitions



Part 33 – Explosives

- Part 36 Mining
- Part 37 Oil and Gas Wells



- Updates to technical standards.
- Revise wording to improve clarity and remove duplication.
- Some provisions specific to underground coal mines to apply to all underground mines.
- Reduce administrative burden by removing the need for approvals and document submissions.
- New requirements to reflect best practices.
- Flexibility for sand and gravel pits.
- Updated and new definitions.



Part 37 – Oil and Gas Wells



- Part 11 First Aid
- Part 15 Managing Control of Hazardous Energy
- Part 16 Noise
- Dort 1 ///// / Nyorhood Dowor Lincol
- New requirements to reflect best practices.
- Updates to technical standards.
- Revise wording to improve clarity and remove duplication.
- New definitions.





A Note About Ticketable Provisions

- Ticketable provisions must be prescriptive and are limited to provisions where a work site party had to do something and did not do it.
- Six ticketable provisions have been changed into performancebased requirements and are no longer suitable for ticketing.
 - Of those six, five relate to ignition sources near explosives and one relates to record keeping.

Note: These changes do not affect the requirements.



Resources Available

Publications, contacts, and websites



Resources

Change highlights: Overhead power lines and electrical utility workers - Parts 17 and 40 in the OHS Code

OHS information for work site parties

This bulletin introduces changes in Parts 17 and 40 of the Desupational Health and Safety (DHS) Code

For clarity, Part 17 now conto the word 'energized' when describing everhead power lines and related legislative. requirements that apply to them. All overhead power lines must be assumed to be energised, in accordance with the

andard reference

nce to the Alberta Electrical and Communication has been replaced. The new reference to 61-14. Standard on Electric UNITy Morkplace lately for Generation, Transmission, and is referenced to alon with the standard the lity industry already folious.

on to the completors of Section 225 in Part 17 cale limit of approach distances) has been clarify that it applies to any utility worker who is

Change highlights: First aid - Part 11 in the OHS Code

OHS information for work site parties and training providers

This bulletin introduces changes in First aid - Fart 11 of the Conspational Health and Safety Code.

This is an overview of updates effective March 31, 2025. Consult the law directly to make sure you comply with all

An employer may still transfer a personal look to another

worker if the worker who originally secured the personal look

the work is extended from one shift to another. In this case,

the employer must ensure the control of the reass oned or

individual workers

y group control procedures

as been reassigned before the work has been completed or

other's nersonal but it handered to a

a worker designated by the employer. Wording

justed to make the employer responsibility for

vgy-isolating devices have been activated to

res each energy-isolating device with a personal

worling clarifies that it is the responsibility of

r to ansure workers secure their nersonal looks.

ribous energy, the employer must ensure a

oline clarifies the employer's requirement to

implement group control procedures when

vious CHS Code, once all required energy-

nes have been activated. The employer must

and posts a report identifying the machinery

at all hazardous energy is effectively isolated.

alad worker," and did not specify that it is the

to is responsible for designating a worker or a

ust now develop and implement complex group

nd size and extent of the machinery, equipment

Part 15 in the CHS Code Alberta.

edures when securing by individual workers or

ofters would not provide adequate protection

not are not because of any of the following

complex group control procedures

complete these tasks.

t mobile equipment.

ment covered by the group procedures.

servisor or a worker designated by the employer

marry isolating designs and keep used to look

tion would not be provided through securing

vious wording did not make it clear that is a

workers. Although this employer requirement is

Change highlights: Managing the control of hazardous energy -

considered to have basic first aid training, until the certificate expires. The first aider will recently by taking a basic first aid course from an approved training provider.

First aid services, supplies

and equipment

sing your work tills month tors - or the employer, if there is no prime rust refer to Tables 4-7 in Schedule 2 of the Health and Safety Code to determine the level vices, Eupplies, kits and equipment they are ivels at the work site.

are updated to harmonipe with the national he tables still - as in earlier versions of the code twing considerations

of performed on site is classified as low. high hazzerd.

of workers per shift. on the work site is from a medical facility

> ust now meet CSA Standard 21229-17 (First workplace). By Doctor Citias, Alberta CHS employers to use applicable CSA standard 2022. However, if you are a prime combactor th an Alberta Type P, No. 2 or No. 3 first aid of site, you may have to add additional items in left to most the new standards.

s, you can use the taking at the end of this e tables compare the previous and purrent kill It may also be helpful to understand that the organizes. First and kills an follows:

ee types of CSA standard kits its are for personal use.

ire for basic first aid in low and medium risk are for intermediate first aid in higher risk

Type 3 CSA standard kits come in three sizes. also requires either a Type 7 or 3 kit, you have

are for two to 25 workers per shift.

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Change highlights: Oil and gas wells - Part 37 in the OHS Code OHS information for work site parties

This bulletin introduces changes in Oil and gas wells - Part 37 of the Occupational Health and Salety (OHS) Code.

. Trained in the calibration, operation, and maintenance of

Able to demonstrate an understanding of the method used.

Revised wording clarifies that employers must ensure the

noise exposure assessment includes a record of the tasks

Employers must also retain records for at least three years.

Previously, ampleyers were required to keep these records.

The elements required in a noise management program

have been streamined and updated to remove duplication

and improve clarity. The new wording more closely aligns

with the elements in the CSA Standard 21007-19, Hearing

Loss Freuention Program Management as an industry best

practice for selling up programs to prevent hearing loss.

management program must be reviewed annually, not just

The revised requirement planties that the entire point

from the date of the assessment. This now aligns with

for as long as they operated in Alberta.

Noise management program

carried out by the worker whose noise exposure is being

the equipment used in conducting noise exposure

This is an everyiew of updates effective March 21.

The following definitions have been added to improve clarity

 "Cathead" means a statebast sound connected to a drawworks power system used to create tension on ins, cables and ropes.

stem test' means a procedure for actuting and tion the massure, nemerability and amplumer packy of a geological formation during the drilling of sell by permitting the flow of formation fluids through tary table" means the part of a drilling rig designed

anoty torough to the shift street. subbing" means the act of moving subulars into or of a well bore when pressure is contained in the

thing unif means equipment used for snubbing. obing unit' means equipment used for well

I candidate makes to distance to and carbonal an oil, gas or geothermal energy well to bring the I into initial production, after completion of initial tion, during extraction activities, during missioning of the well and during any ancillary vities associated with these operations. stimulation' means an activity performed to ore or enhance the productivity of a well swabbing" means a process to remove fluids or an oil or gas well to increase well productivity.

of bodyle consistent first have been recorded for

Alberta =

over, if there is no prime contractor - must er before that worker comes onto the work site orientation are set out in this new provision.

near of these is no noise contractor - must tructed to ensure: ation, demobilization and movement of all work being performed. quipment under maximum loads, and an be carried out safely.

Fit testing of hearing protection

A new requirement has been added for employers to ensure workers are fit tested for the hearing protection devices they use and wear. Fit testing of the devices must meet the undated CSA Standard 204 3.14 (83019), Nearing Protection Devices - Performance, Selection, Care, and

This shange is intended to prevent noise induced hearing loss. The effectiveness of hearing protection is greatly reduced if the equipment dises not fit correctly or is not inserted or worn correctly.

orkers -

KEY INFORMATION

Classification: Public

New changes include:
Harmoniping standards for centain types of personal

OHS information for work site parties

This bulletin introduces miscellaneous changes to various

for parts of the CHS Code that had more extensive changes

Joseph as Part 11 - First sid Part 16 - Noise exposure atc.)

To learn more, see the publications listed at the end of this

This is an overview of updates effective March 31,

2023. Consult the law directly to make sure you

parts of the Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) Code.

- Aligning with the OHS Act.

comply with all applicable requ

Part 1 - Definitions and general application

Definitions in Section 1 have been arranded, and a few definitions have been added to the CHS Code. The amended definitions align with changes in specific sections of the CHS Code to provide additional clarity or align with the Child Art

samous dunication, silve the standards in Section 5 exalready referenced throughout the CHS Code.

Section 12 in Part 3 has been amended to include explosives. This change was made to align with changes to

the DNG Act that came into effect on December 1, 2021.

Part 5 - Confined spaces

Change highlights: Miscellaneous amendments in the OHS Code

Part 15 in the OHS Code

OHS information for work site parties.

This bulletin introduces changes in Managing the Control of

Hazardous Energy - Part 15 of the Occupational Health and

Section 52, which covers testing the atmosphere of a confined space before entry, has been amended to improve clarity, remove duplication, and ensure the appropriate work sile party is accountable for health and safety (in alternate with roles and responsibilities specified in the ONS Acts. The revised wording states it is the employer's responsibility to ensure the atmosphere of a confined space is based by a competent worker before a worker enters the space.

Section 58 has been amended to allow the botton of using remote confined space entry monitoring systems. This change will reduce administrative burden for employers by removing the need to apply for acceptances to use this

New definitions for 'remote monitoring system' and 'tending worker' have been included in Part 1 for clarity.

Part 6 - Cranes, hoists, and lifting devices Section \$2 has been emented to making impactions of a reofer's host at reasonably practicable intervals instead of day. This will give employers flexibility in making sure egypment is inspected when required

Part 9 - Fall protection: Part 18 - Personal protective equipment; Part 39 - Tree care operations: Part 41 - Work requiring rope

Changes to these parts involve undeline technical standards to reflect numert practices, and technology in health and safety. The changes support harmonization of personal

by adoptional with the undates to these technical standards. the applicable manufacturing date for the personal protective equipment referenced in these parts has been updated as well. Personal protective equipment that previously had to ment a technical standard if manufactured on or after July 1. 2009 now has to meet the updated standard if manufact on or offer March 51, 2023

Note ampliquers do not need to pumhase new personal protective equipment if the already-owned equipment meets the standard that was in place at the time of its manufacture

Section 3, which specified various technical standards as adopted by the OHS Code, has been repealed. This change

Part 3 - Specifications and certifications

Change highlights: Miscellaneous amendments in the OHS Code

California | Published December 2022 | U4008

Change highlights: Noise exposure - Part St in the OHS Code 60000 Government of Alberta 1 Published December 2000 1 LHGES

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Change highlights: Noise exposure - Part 16 in the OHS Code

evaluated.

OHS information for work site parties and service providers

This bulletin introduces changes in Noise - Fart 16 of the

This is an overview of updates effective March 31.

. Part 15 opens requirements mended to propert workers.

- Updates to biolinical standards and terminology to

The threshold for conducting a noise exposure accessment

conducted in accordance with the contained CSA Standard

The threshold level of a noise docimeter used to conduct an

standards that sound level meters, integrating around level

meters and doctmeters must meet have been updated to the

ssessment has been changed to align with the referenced

is assessed before the occupational exposure limit is

expended. The online exposure issuestment must be

CSA standard for noise assessments. The technical

Established computatory penultureants for the narrow

conduction the noise exposure assessment are now

. Trained in conducting voice purceuse assessments

specified. The person conducting the assessment must be

Z107.55-13. Measurement of noise exposure.

is reduced from 85 decibels (88A) to 82 68A to ensure noise

2023. Corout the law directly to make sure you

Congestional Health and Safety (CHS) Code

comply with all applicable requirements

reflect surrent technologic

Noise exposure assessment

Clarification of the com-

NAME AND ADDRESS OF

WITH INCOMMATION

More information

OHS Contact Center:

Phone: 780-415-8690 (Edmonton)

Toll free: <u>1-866-415-8690</u>

TTY: <u>780-427-9999</u> (Edmonton)

TTY: <u>1-800-232-7215</u>

OHS Publication store:

https://ohs-

pubstore.labour.alberta.ca/

OHS Code Review:

https://www.alberta.ca/ohs

-code-review.aspx

OHS Code Review:

LBR.OHSReview@gov.ab.ca



Upcoming Resources

- Change highlight Bulletin for Part 33 Explosives
- Change highlight Bulletin for Part 36 Mining.
- Consolidated legislation electronic version of the OHS Code late March 2023.
- OHS handbooks can be pre-ordered from the King's Printer, but will not be available until March 2023.
- More presentations.



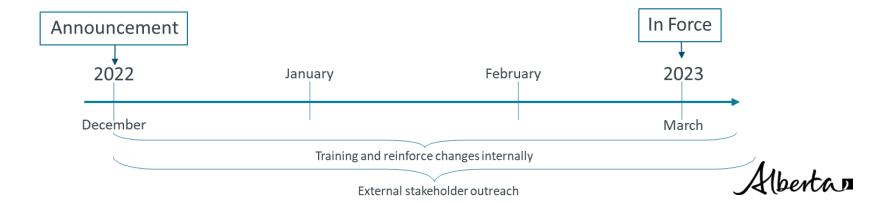
Implementation

How will enforcement look?



Implementation

- No change in overall enforcement approach education until March 31, 2023 when new provisions come into force.
- OHS Code changes are technical requirement changes so not the same as changes in 2018 or 2021.
- Additional resources will be built as need arises.

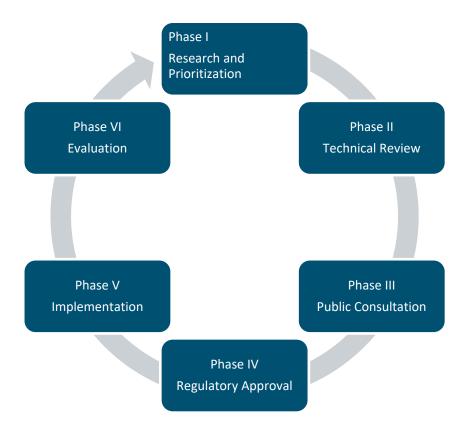


OHS Code Review Plan

The content and the process

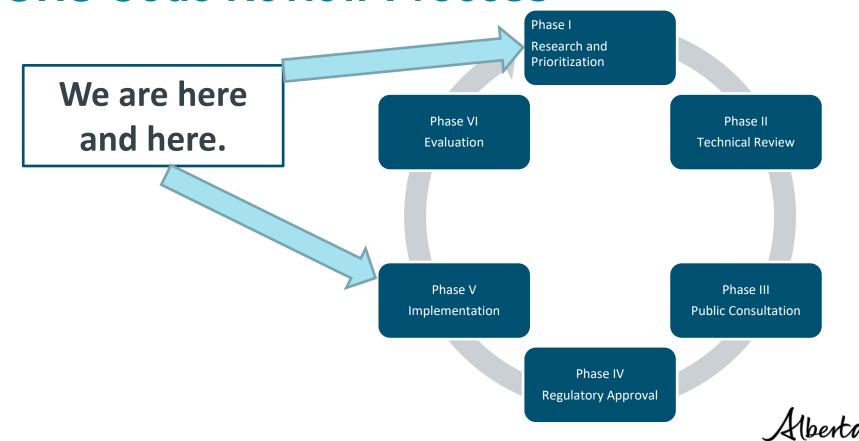


OHS Code Review Process



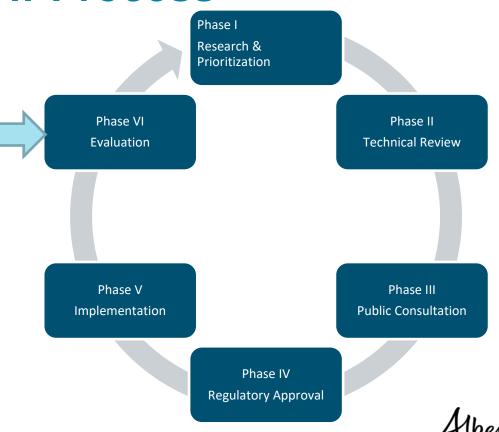


OHS Code Review Process



OHS Code Review Process

Stakeholders can play a vital role in this area by gathering information about changes.



Priority review

Issued allowances, approvals, acceptances and recognitions

OHS recommendations from public fatality inquiries (if any)

OHS items in current work plan under the CFTA

Correction of errors and modernizing language



Next Phases of OHS Code Review

2023-24

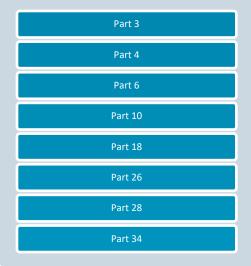
Part 27

Part 33

Part 36

OELs

2024-25

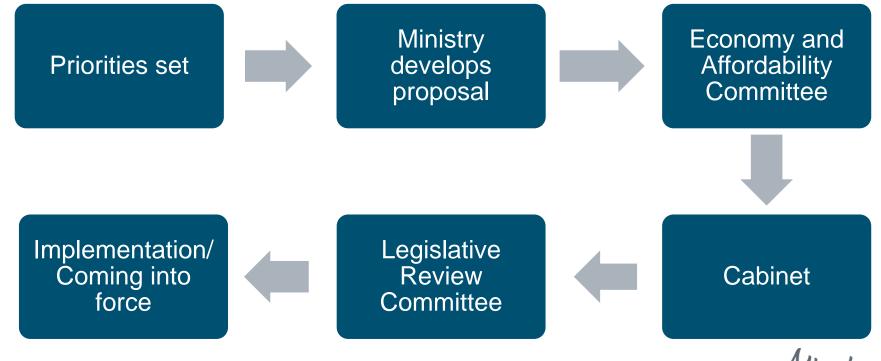


2025-26

Part 2
Part 3
Part 4
Part 7
Part 12
Part 14
Part 24
Part 26
Part 28
Part 30
Part 32
Part 34
Part 35



Approval Process for OHS Code Changes





Certifying Partner role

1

Share resources with members.

2

Update training as required.

3

Survey and compile feedback about legislation changes.



Participate in engagement and consultation for future phases of legislation changes.



Thank you!

We'd be happy to take any questions.

